

Learning the Regularisation of a Kinetic 5-Moment Closure

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2026-06-04

Congrès National d'Analyse Numérique (CANUM) 2026 — Centre de Mathématiques Appliquées (CMAP), École Polytechnique



The Kinetic Model: Bhatnagar–Gross–Krook (BGK, 1954)

State $\rightarrow f(x, t, c) \geq 0$ – phase-space density
(position x , velocity c)

Evolution $\rightarrow$ transport + collisions:

$$\partial_t f + c \partial_x f = \frac{1}{\tau} (\mathcal{M}_f - f)$$

BGK $\rightarrow$ relax $f \rightarrow \mathcal{M}_f$, rate $1/\tau$:

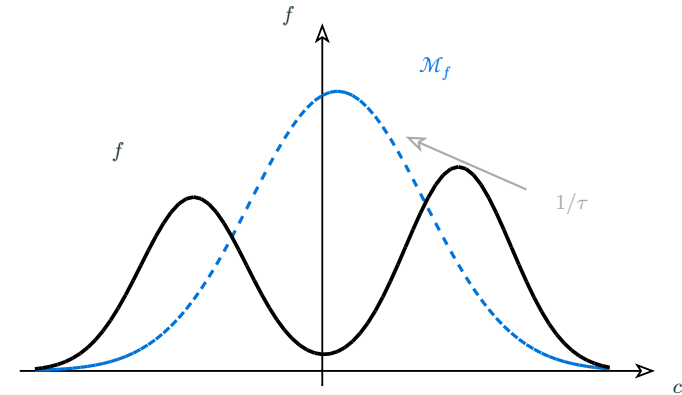
$$\mathcal{M}_f(c) = \frac{\rho}{\sqrt{2\pi\theta}} \exp\left(-\frac{(c-v)^2}{2\theta}\right)$$

$\mathcal{M}_f \rightarrow$ (Maxwellian) function of c only

$f/\rho =$ velocity prob. density

$\rightarrow$ macroscopic fields = its low-order moments:

$\rho = \int_{\mathbb{R}} f \, dc$	$\rightarrow$ density	(normalisation)
$v = \rho^{-1} \int_{\mathbb{R}} c f \, dc$	$\rightarrow$ bulk velocity	($= \mathbb{E}[c]$, mean)
$\theta = \rho^{-1} \int_{\mathbb{R}} (c-v)^2 f \, dc$	$\rightarrow$ temperature	($= \text{Var}[c]$, variance)



Invariants

$\mathcal{M}_f, f$: same $\rho, \rho v, \rho \theta$

$$\rightarrow \langle (1, c, c^2) (\mathcal{M}_f - f) \rangle = 0$$

$\rightarrow$ mass, momentum, energy conserved

Knudsen $\text{Kn} \sim \tau$:

$\text{Kn} \ll 1 \rightarrow$ fluid (Euler / NS)

$\text{Kn} \sim 1 \rightarrow$ rarefied / non-equilibrium

From Kinetic to Moments

Finite moment list, not all of $f \rightarrow$ multiply BGK by c^i , integrate:

$$\partial_t u_i + \partial_x u_{i+1} = \frac{1}{\tau} (\langle c^i \mathcal{M}_f \rangle - u_i), \quad u_i := \langle c^i f \rangle = \int_{\mathbb{R}} c^i f \, dc$$

Unclosed

flux of moment i = moment $i + 1$

$\rightarrow N + 1$ equations, $N + 2$ unknowns

Conservation

$i = 0, 1, 2 \rightarrow$ right-hand side = 0

$(1, c, c^2)$ collision invariants)

$\rightarrow$ exact mass / momentum / energy laws
(closure-free)

Closure

truncate $N = 5 \rightarrow$ model top flux

$$\hat{S} = u_5 = \hat{S}(u_0, \dots, u_4)$$

Reduction ($5 \rightarrow 2$) $\rightarrow$ Galilean (centre at v) +
rescale by $\rho, \theta \rightarrow \hat{S} = \hat{S}(\hat{Q}, \hat{R})$

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{Q} &= \rho^{-1} \theta^{-\frac{3}{2}} \int_{\mathbb{R}} (c - v)^3 f \, dc \rightarrow \text{skewness} \\ \hat{R} &= \rho^{-1} \theta^{-2} \int_{\mathbb{R}} (c - v)^4 f \, dc \rightarrow \text{kurtosis} \end{aligned}$$

Closure problem $\rightarrow$ choose $\hat{S}(\hat{Q}, \hat{R})$

The Realizability Domain

Existence $\rightarrow (\hat{Q}, \hat{R})$ realizable

$\Leftrightarrow \exists$ density $f \geq 0$ on $\mathbb{R}$, moments $(1, 0, 1, \hat{Q}, \hat{R})$

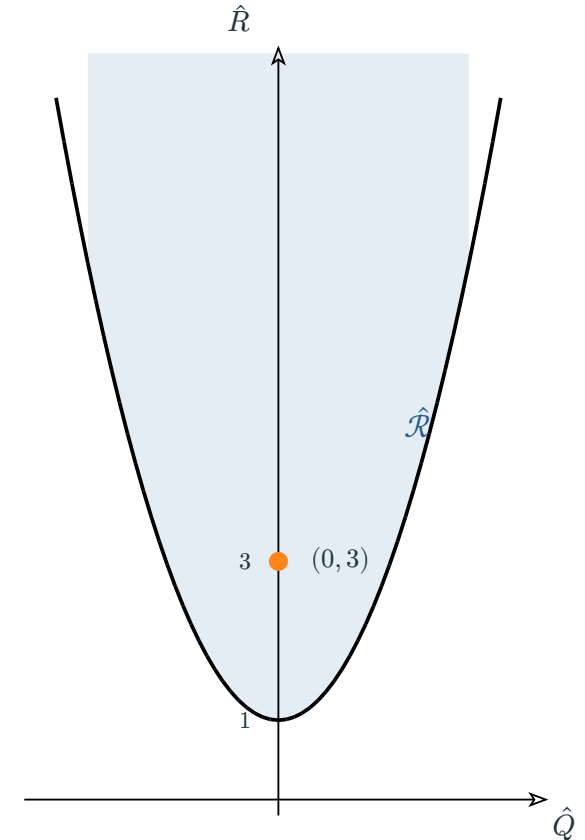
Hamburger moment problem $\rightarrow$ such f exists $\Leftrightarrow$
Hankel matrix $\succeq 0$:

$$H = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & \hat{Q} \\ 1 & \hat{Q} & \hat{R} \end{pmatrix}, \quad \det H = \hat{R} - 1 - \hat{Q}^2$$

$$\hat{\mathcal{R}} = \{ \hat{R} \geq 1 + \hat{Q}^2 \}$$

$\Leftrightarrow \text{kurtosis} \geq 1 + \text{skewness}^2$

Equilibrium $\mathcal{M}_f \rightarrow (\hat{Q}, \hat{R}) = (0, 3)$



Parabola $\hat{R} = 1 + \hat{Q}^2 = \partial \hat{\mathcal{R}}$

● equilibrium $(0, 3)$

The σ -Parametrisation of $\hat{\mathcal{R}}$

Coordinate on $\hat{\mathcal{R}}$:

$$\sigma(\hat{Q}, \hat{R}) = \sqrt{\left(\frac{\hat{R}-3}{4}\right)^2 + \frac{\hat{Q}^2}{2}} - \frac{\hat{R}-3}{4} \in (0, 1]$$

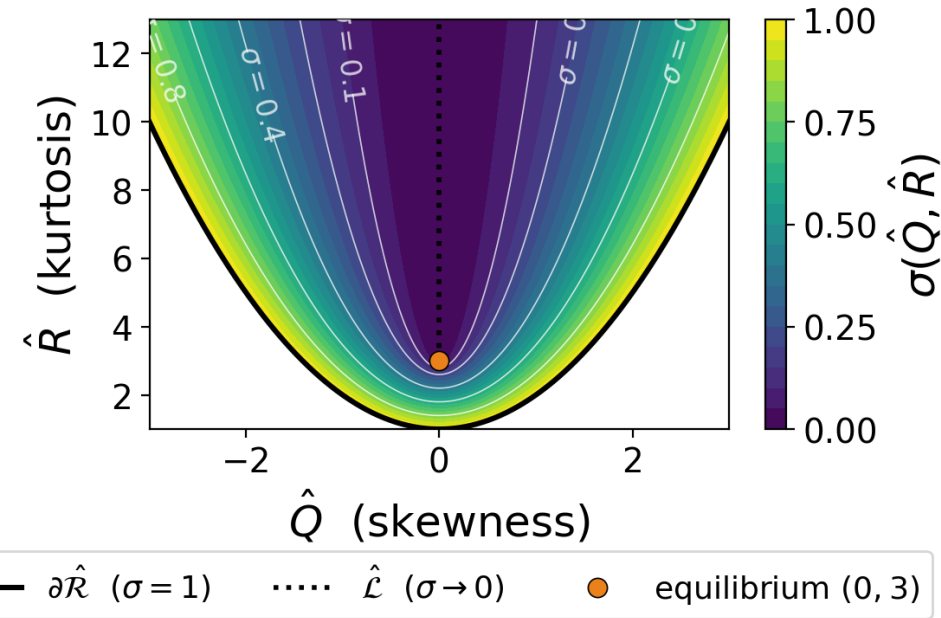
$\sigma = 1 \rightarrow$ realizability boundary $\partial\hat{\mathcal{R}}$ ($\hat{R} = 1 + \hat{Q}^2$)

$\sigma \rightarrow 0 \rightarrow$ Junk line $\hat{\mathcal{L}} = \{\hat{Q} = 0, \hat{R} > 3\}$

Level sets

$\rightarrow$ nested parabolas $\hat{R} = \hat{Q}^2/\sigma + 3 - 2\sigma$

$\rightarrow$ natural closure variable: $\hat{S} = \hat{S}(\sigma, \dots)$



σ foliates $\hat{\mathcal{R}}$ from $\partial\hat{\mathcal{R}}$ ($\sigma = 1$) to $\hat{\mathcal{L}}$ ($\sigma \rightarrow 0$)

Hyperbolicity & Well-Posedness

System $\rightarrow$ first-order, 5×5 :

$$\partial_t \mathbf{u} + J(\mathbf{u}) \partial_x \mathbf{u} = \text{source}, \quad J = \frac{\partial \hat{F}}{\partial \mathbf{u}}$$

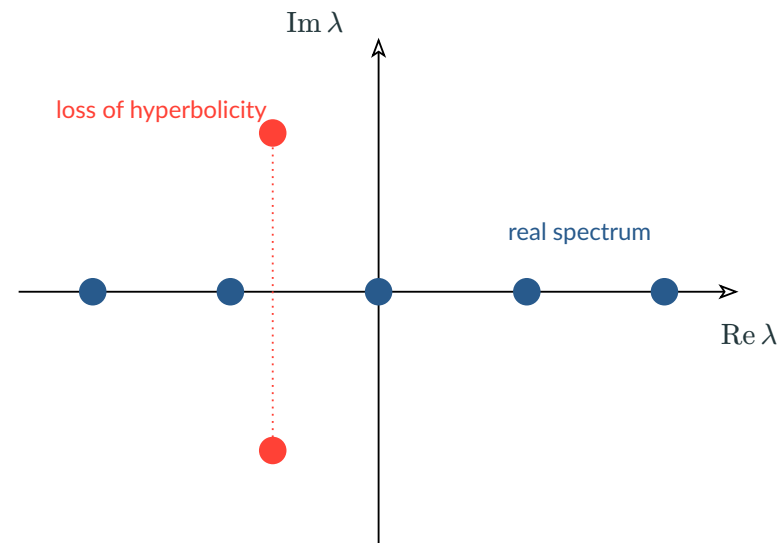
Hyperbolic $\rightarrow J$ real spectrum + diagonalisable

Well-posed $\Leftrightarrow J$ real-diagonalisable

$\text{Im } \lambda_i \neq 0 \rightarrow$ Hadamard ill-posed $\rightarrow$ modes grow $\sim e^{|\text{Im } \lambda_i| kt}$

$$\text{hyperbolic} \Leftrightarrow \max_i |\text{Im } \lambda_i(\hat{Q}, \hat{R})| = 0$$

Characteristic speeds $\rightarrow \lambda_i =$ finite wave speeds



Flux-Jacobian spectrum: on the real axis $\rightarrow$ hyperbolic
conjugate pair off-axis $\rightarrow$ loss of hyperbolicity

Reference Closures: Maximum-Entropy (ME) vs Grad

ME-closure → entropy-based

→ symmetric hyperbolic + entropy dissipation
(on its domain)

→ singular on Junk line $\hat{\mathcal{L}}$

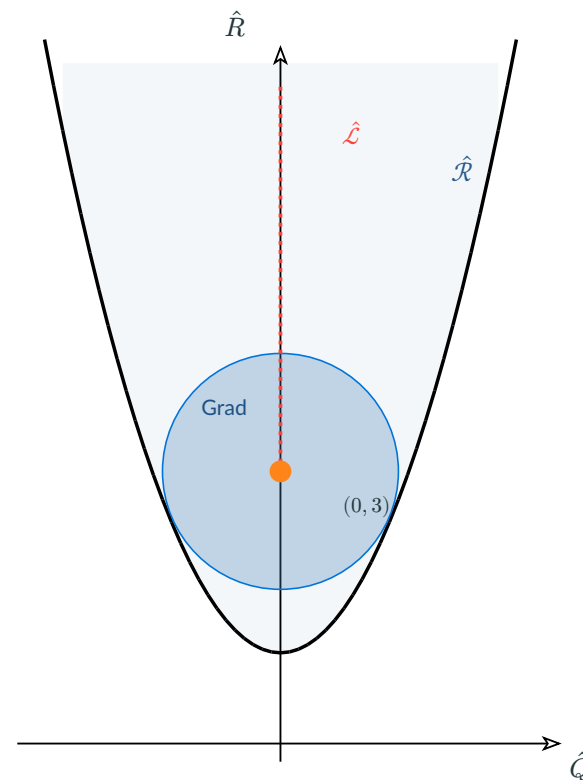
→ per-point entropy maximisation

Grad closure → Hermite expansion

→ closed-form + bounded

→ hyperbolic only near equilibrium $(0, 3)$

	hyperbolic	bounded $\hat{S}$	closed-form
ME-closure	✓	x pole	x iterative
Grad closure	x	✓	✓



blue: Grad hyperbolic near equilibrium, outside: loss of hyperbolicity

red $\hat{\mathcal{L}}$: ME-closure singular

The β -Closure: A One-Parameter Family

For $\beta \geq 0$: $\hat{S}_\beta(\hat{Q}, \hat{R}) = \hat{Q} \left(10 - 8\sqrt{\sigma} + \frac{(2\sigma + \hat{R} - 3)(1 + \beta(1 - \sigma))}{\sigma + \beta(1 - \sigma)} \right)$

Limiting cases

	hyperbolic	bounded $\hat{S}$	closed-form
$\beta = 0$ (ME-closure)	✓	✗ pole	✗ iterative
$\beta \rightarrow \infty$ (Grad-type)	✗	✓	✓

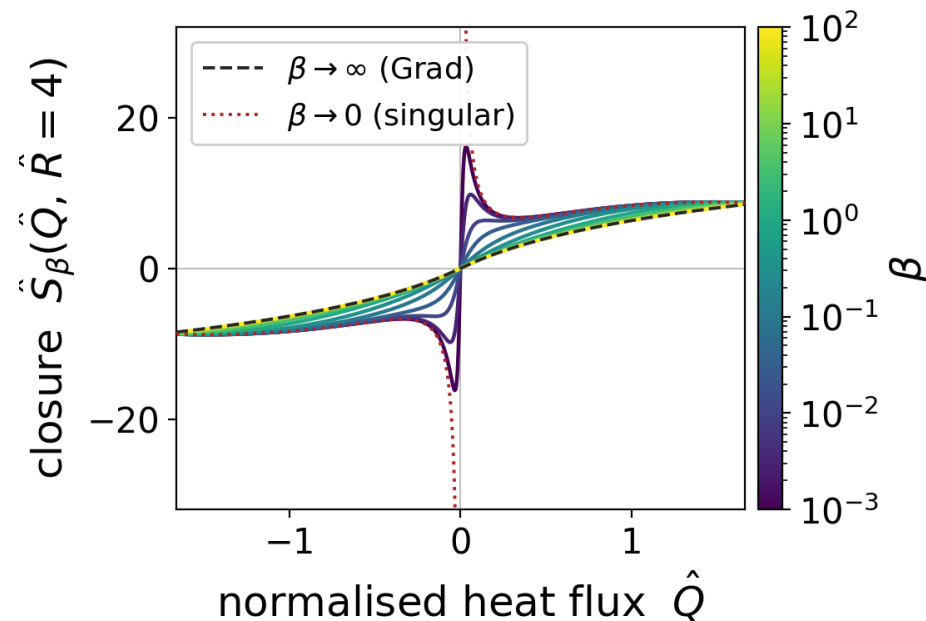
$\beta = 0$ Junk-line pole $\hat{S} \sim (\hat{R} - 3)^2 / \hat{Q}$

Every $\beta > 0 \rightarrow$ realizability + Galilean + symmetry
 + boundary (ME-closure on $\partial\hat{\mathcal{R}}$)
 + correct equilibrium slope $\partial_{\hat{Q}}\hat{S} = 10$

Hyperbolicity

$\rightarrow \hat{Q} = 0, \beta < \frac{3}{2}$ guaranteed for **constant** β only

Scalar β undetermined $\rightarrow$ accuracy $\leftrightarrow$ well-posedness at **opposite limits** ($\beta \rightarrow 0$ vs $\beta \rightarrow \infty$)



$\hat{R} = 4$ slice
 β (colour): singular $\rightarrow$ Grad

Learned Regularisation: $\beta_\theta(\hat{Q}, \hat{R})$

Parametrisation $\rightarrow \beta \rightarrow \beta_\theta(\hat{Q}, \hat{R}) > 0$, MLP ($\sim 10^3$ params)

softplus $\rightarrow \beta > 0$

MLP input $|\hat{Q}| \rightarrow \beta_\theta$ even in $\hat{Q} \rightarrow \hat{S}_{\beta_\theta}$ odd in $\hat{Q}$ (exact)

Structural invariants $\rightarrow$ realizability + Galilean + boundary + equilibrium by construction

Learning objective

$$\mathcal{L}(\theta) = \|\hat{S}_{\beta_\theta} - \hat{S}_{\text{ref}}\|^2 + \gamma \sum_{i=1}^5 |\text{Im } \lambda_i|$$

spectral penalty $\gamma \rightarrow$ the natural soft fix; **reported run uses $\gamma = 0$** , and even $\gamma > 0$ fails a-posteriori (see later)

Two evaluation modes:

A-priori — **training target**

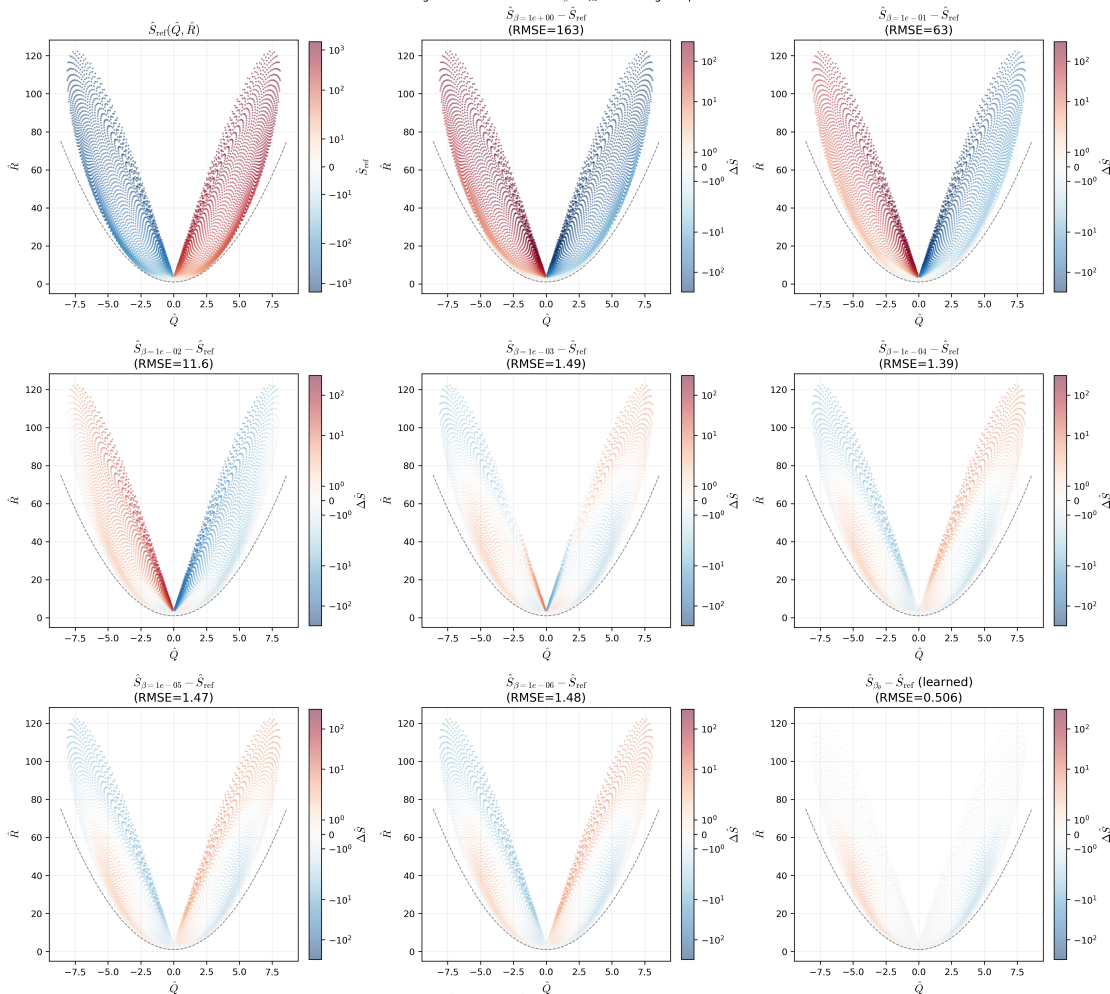
flux MSE + frozen-Jacobian spectrum

A-posteriori — **deployment**

solver loop: real spectrum + finite?

A-Priori: β_θ vs Constant β

Signed closure error $\Delta \hat{S} = \hat{S}_\beta - \hat{S}_{\text{ref}}$ on training samples



$|\hat{S} - \hat{S}_{\text{ref}}|$ on $(\hat{Q}, \hat{R})$ - common colour scale

β_θ picks the **best β at each σ** — the family's **lower envelope**
floor $\sim 10^{-6}$ at small σ

Error map → each fixed β has a high-error region

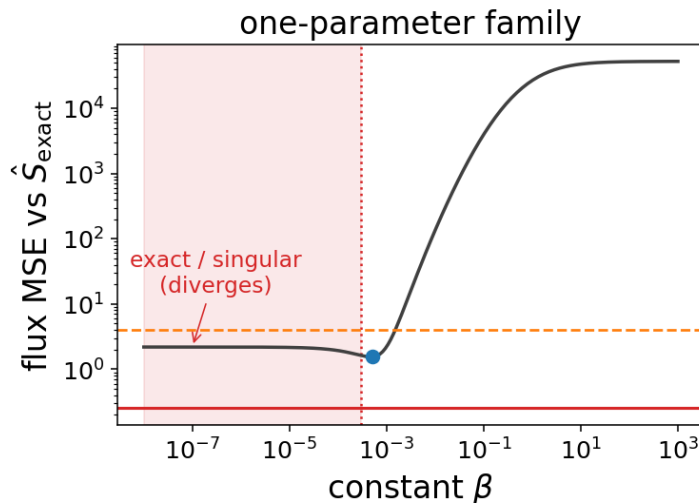
β_θ → low error across the domain

Accuracy → flux MSE **0.26** vs best constant β **1.54** ($6\times$), gain near $\hat{\mathcal{L}}$

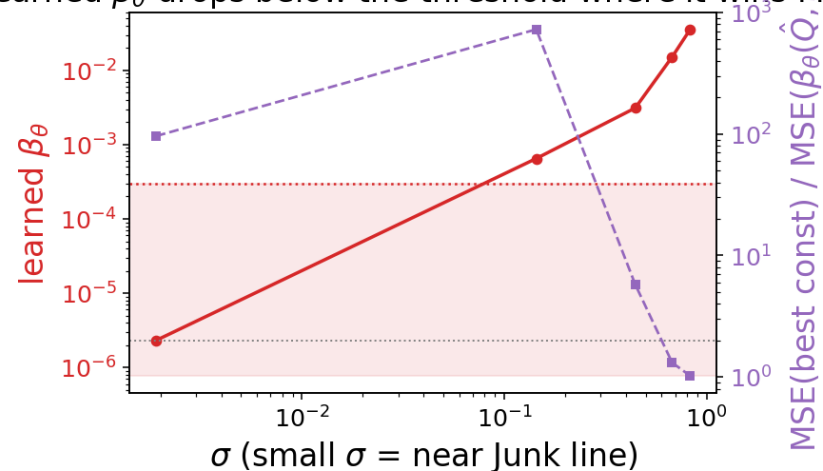
Data — 1D BGK two-stream, $\text{Kn} = 1$
initial data $v_0 \in [0.5, 8]$ → 22.5k samples $(\hat{Q}, \hat{R}) \mapsto \hat{S}_{\text{ref}}$

A-Posteriori: Stability Threshold β_{crit}

Accuracy and the loss of well-posedness are the same coordinate: β_θ approaches the singular ($\beta \rightarrow 0$) end near the Junk line



learned β_θ drops below the threshold where it wins MSE



..... const- β stability threshold $\approx 3 \times 10^{-4}$
 — constant β family
 — learned $\beta_\theta(\hat{Q}, \hat{R})$
 - - - ME (analytic)

..... const- β stability threshold $\approx 3 \times 10^{-4}$
 — median learned $\beta_\theta(\hat{Q}, \hat{R})$
 softplus floor $\approx 2\text{e-}06$
 - - - $\beta_\theta(\hat{Q}, \hat{R})$ accuracy gain over best const

left: constant- β MSE vs β + threshold β_{crit}

right: $\beta_\theta(\sigma) < \beta_{\text{crit}}$ where MSE gain peaks ($\sim 700 \times$)

Constant β ($\nabla \beta \equiv 0$), $\beta < \beta_{\text{crit}} \approx 3 \times 10^{-4}$:

- realizability loss: $\theta \rightarrow 0$ (vacuum) $\Rightarrow \hat{R} \rightarrow \infty$
- solver divergence
- learned $\beta_\theta \rightarrow 10^{-6} \ll \beta_{\text{crit}}$ near $\hat{\mathcal{L}}$

accuracy gain $\Leftrightarrow \beta < \beta_{\text{crit}} \rightarrow$ mechanism:
realizability loss, not loss of hyperbolicity

Structural Fix: β Constrained to β_{fix} near the Junk Line

$$\beta_{\text{eff}}(\hat{Q}, \hat{R}) = w(\sigma) \beta_{\text{fix}} + (1 - w(\sigma)) \beta_{\theta}(\hat{Q}, \hat{R})$$

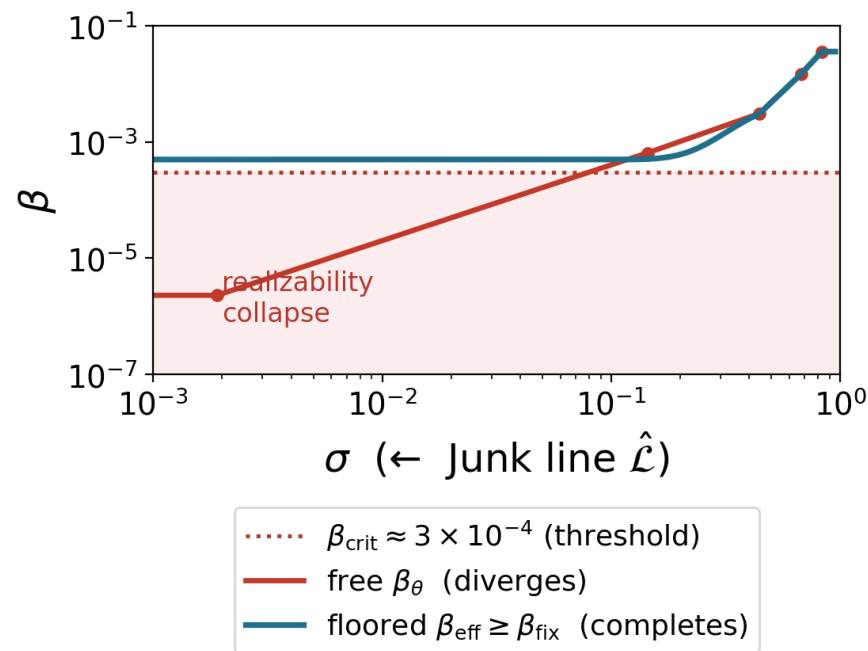
Convex weight $w(\sigma) \in [0, 1] \rightarrow C^2$ -function

$w = 1$ at $\hat{\mathcal{L}}$ ($\sigma \rightarrow 0$) $\rightarrow \beta \equiv \beta_{\text{fix}} \approx 5 \times 10^{-4}$ (**enforced**)

$w = 0$ far ($\sigma \geq \sigma_{\text{free}}$) $\rightarrow$ free β_{θ}
structural, not a soft penalty

β near $\hat{\mathcal{L}}$	flux MSE $\downarrow$	solver
free β_{θ} (no β_{fix})	0.256	diverges
β_{fix} learned	0.428	diverges
β_{fix} imposed = 5×10^{-4}	0.429	completes
best constant β	1.543	completes

Learned $\beta_{\text{fix}} \rightarrow$ training drives $\beta_{\text{fix}} < \beta_{\text{crit}} \rightarrow$ collapse
 $\rightarrow \beta_{\text{fix}}$ must be **imposed**, not learned



β_{eff} : constrained to β_{fix} near $\hat{\mathcal{L}}$, free β_{θ} away
free β_{θ} alone $\rightarrow$ realizability collapse

β -closure

- scalar β : ME-closure (singular) $\leftrightarrow$ Grad closure (bounded)

Tension

- accuracy gain $\Leftrightarrow \beta < \beta_{\text{crit}} \Leftrightarrow$ realizability loss

Result

- σ -windowed constraint $\beta = \beta_{\text{fix}} > \beta_{\text{crit}}$ near $\hat{\mathcal{L}}$
- MSE $3.6 \times <$ best constant β , well-posed (shock completes)

Open

- **Structural by construction** $\rightarrow$ entropy / Lagrange-multiplier surrogate $\rightarrow$ realizability + hyperbolicity intrinsic
- **Multi-Kn** $\beta_{\theta}(\hat{Q}, \hat{R}, \text{Kn})$ – direct-flux closure with stronger prior